Slaughter Smith (MI) Maloney (NY) Manton Pelosi Markey Peterson (MN) Smith (NJ) Martinez Peterson (PA) Smith (OR) Petri Mascara Smith (TX) Matsui Pickering Smith, Adam McCarthy (MO) Pickett Smith, Linda McCarthy (NY) Pitts Snowbarger McCollum Pombo Snyder McCrery Pomerov Solomon McDade Porter Souder McGovern Portman Spence McHale Poshard Stabenow McHugh Price (NC) Stearns McInnis Pryce (OH) Stenholm McIntosh Stokes Quinn McIntyre Radanovich Strickland Stump McKeon Rahall McKinney Ramstad Stupak Sununu McNulty Redmond Meehan Regula Talent Meek (FL) Reves Tanner Meeks (NY) Tauscher Riggs Menendez Rilev Tauzin Taylor (MS) Metcalf Rivers Rodriguez Taylor (NC) Millender-Roemer Thomas McDonald Rogan Thompson Miller (CA) Miller (FL) Rogers Thornberry Rohrabacher Thune Thurman Minge Ros-Lehtinen Mink Rothman Tiahrt Moaklev Roukema Tiernev Mollohan Roybal-Allard Torres Moran (KS) Rush Towns Moran (VA) Traficant Rvun Morella Sabo Turner Murtha Salmon Upton Sanchez Myrick Velazquez Nådler Sanders Vento Visclosky Neal Sandlin Nethercutt Sanford Walsh Neumann Sawyer Wamp Ney Northup Saxton Watkins Scarborough Watt (NC) Schaefer, Dan Watts (OK) Norwood Nussle Schaffer, Bob Waxman Weldon (FL) Oberstar Scott Obey Sensenbrenner Weldon (PA) Olver Serrano Weller Ortiz Sessions Wexler Shadegg Weygand Owens White Oxlev Shaw Packard Shays Whitfield Pallone Sherman Wicker Pappas Shimkus Wise Parker Shuster Wolf Pascrell Sisisky Woolsey Skaggs Wynn Pastor Young (AK) Paul Paxon Skelton

NOT VOTING-23

Armey Hooley Schiff Barton Inglis Schumer Jefferson Berry Spratt Cannon Manzullo Stark Chenoweth McDermott Waters Gonzalez Payne Yates Young (FL) Rangel Harman Herger Royce

□ 1751

So (three-fifths having voted in favor thereof) the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. CHENOWETH. Mr. Speaker, due to health reasons and doctor's orders, I missed rollcall votes 64 and 67.

Had I been here I would have voted: "Yea" on Roll Call 64, Approval of the Journal; "Yea" on Roll Call 65, H.R. 3211, Regarding Eligibility Requirements for Burial in Arlington National Cemetery; "Yea" on Roll Call 66, H.R. 3412, Small Business Investment Company Technical Corrections Act of 1998; and "Yea" on Roll Call 67, H.R. 3096, To Correct a Provision Relating to Termination of Benefits for Convicted Persons.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 981

Mrs. MYRICK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to withdraw my name as a cosponsor of H.R. 981.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. GOODLATTE). Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from North Carolina?

There was no objection.

COMMUNICATION FROM ADMINIS-TRATOR OF FIRST CONGRES-SIONAL DISTRICT OF PENNSYL-VANIA

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from Stanley V. White, Administrator of the First Congressional District of Pennsylvania:

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, Washington, DC, March 17, 1998. Hon. NEWT GINGRICH,

Speaker,

Û.S. House of Representatives, Washington, DC. DEAR MR. SPEAKER: This is to formally notify you pursaunt to Rule L (50) of the Rules of the House that I have been served with a subpoena ad testificandum issued by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in the case of Raymond Wood v. David L. Cohen, et al., Case No. 96-3707

After consultation with the Office of General Counsel. I have determined that the subpoena relates to my official duties, and that compliance with the subpoena is consistent with the privileges and precedents of the House

Sincerely,

STANLEY V. WHITE, Administrator.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBER TO UNITED STATES CAPITOL PRES-ERVATION COMMISSION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, and pursuant to the provisions of section 801(b) of Public Law the Chair announces the Speaker's appointment of the following Member of the House to the United States Capitol Preservation Commission:

Mr. Walsh of New York. There was no objection.

IMF SHOULD REEVALUATE LENDING POLICIES

(Mr. SAXTON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous material.)

Mr. SAXTON. Mr. Speaker, during the past several months, I have warned time and again that the International Monetary Fund's lending policies are counterproductive. That is because they lend at rates far below market rates. That practice, in and of itself, generates demand for even more low interest rate loans. That is called moral hazard.

Yesterday's Financial Times, published in the U.K., reported that European central bankers agree with my position. They attack the bailout practices of the IMF, and they say it will be putting forward proposals next month that would involve commercial banks at an earlier stage.

The criticism reflects concern about the IMF's handling of the Asia financial crisis. Hans Tietmeyer, president of the Bundesbank said, the multibillion dollar international rescue plans for Thailand, South Korea, Malaysia and Indonesia could encourage reckless banking practices. The IMF should reevaluate its policies, he said.

Mr. Speaker, I include the following for the RECORD:

[Monday, Mar. 23, 1998]

CRITICISM: EU BANKERS HIT AT IMF ON BAIL-OUTS

(By Wolfgang Müchau and Lionel Barber in York)

European Union central bankers have attacked the bail-out practices of the International Monetary Fund and will be putting forward proposals next month that would involve commercial banks at an earlier stage.

The criticism reflects concern about the IMF's handling of the Asia financial crisis. It also signals the EU's intention to raise its profile in international financial institutions as 11 European countries prepare to adopt a

single currency next January.

The US has dominated the policy agenda of the IMF, even though EU countries have a

larger combined shareholding.
Hans Tietmeyer, president of the
Bundesbank, speaking after the informal
meeting of EU economies and finance ministers at the weekend, said the multi-billiondollar international rescue plans for Thailand, South Korea, Malaysia and Indonesia could encourage reckless bank lending.
"The IMF should re-evaluate its policies

and should question itself on how far its policy generates moral hazard. The IMF should consider whether it is better to tackle problems with large sums of bail-out money or whether it might be better to involve private sector creditors at an earlier stage," he said.

Mr. Tietmeyer said he had drawn up proposals which he would present to the IMF's interim committee at its next meeting on April 16 in Washington.

He did not divulge details of the programme, but a key element is believed to include regular monitoring of private sector

At the meeting, EU central bankers also discussed the possible dangers of electronic money to monetary policy under Emu. Smart cards with computer chips are becoming increasingly popular, but central bankers are worried because this is a form of money that operates outside the control of central banks.

The bankers are particularly concerned that the transition period between the launch of monetary union in January and the introduction of euro notes and coins in 2002 could encourage the use of electronic

money.

Mr. Tietmeyer called on the European Commission to consider regulating the markets for electronic money and electronic banking, restricting its use only to established banks

NO TOLERANCE FOR HATE CRIMES

(Mr. HILL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1